MAPPING REDD+
A VISUAL GUIDE TO UNFCCC DECISIONS
UNFCCC FRAMEWORK FOR REDD+

Parties, in a position to do so, are encouraged to support capacity-building, provide technical assistance, facilitate the transfer of technology to improve, inter alia, data collection, estimation of emissions from deforestation and forest degradation, monitoring and reporting, and address the institutional needs of developing countries to estimate and reduce emissions from deforestation and forest degradation (2/CP.13, Par.2).

REDD+ Safeguards

Parties in a position to do so and relevant international organizations are invited to enhance capacity-building in relation to using the most recent IPCC guidance and guidelines, as adapted or managed by the COP, taking into account the work of the Consultative Group of Experts on National Communications from Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention (4/CP.15, Par.1c).

National Forest Monitoring Systems (NFMS)

Parties, in particular developed country Parties, are urged to support, through multilateral and bilateral channels, the development of national strategies or action plans, policies and measures and capacity-building, followed by the implementation of national policies and measures and national strategies or action plans that could involve further capacity-building, technology development and transfer and results-based demonstration activities, including consideration of the safeguards referred to in par. 2 of appendix 1 to decision 1/CP.16, taking into account the relevant provisions on finance including those relating to reporting an support (1/CP.16, Par.76).

Measurement, Reporting, and Verification

Parties are encouraged to take action to implement and support, including through results-based payments, the existing framework for: policy approaches and positive incentives for activities relating to reducing emissions from deforestation and forest degradation, and the role of conservation, sustainable management of forests and enhancement of forest carbon stocks in developing countries; and alternative policy approaches, such as joint mitigation and adaptation approaches, for sustaining forest ecosystems and the goods and services they provide, consistent with the requirements of the Paris Agreement, in order to provide a basis for achieving the objectives of the Convention under Article 2.

Coordination of Support for the Implementation of REDD+ Activities

Parties are encouraged to contribute to mitigation actions in the forest sector by undertaking the following activities as deemed appropriate by each Party and in accordance with their respective capabilities and national circumstances: (1/CP.16, Par.70).

Reference Levels (RLS)

General Commitments of Support

All Parties in a position to do so are encouraged to mobilize resources to support efforts in relation to the actions referred to in par. 3 of 4/CP.15, such as efforts, including demonstration activities, to address the drivers of deforestation and forest degradation (4/CP.15, Par.4).

UNFCCC FRAMEWORK FOR REDD+

Requirements to Access Results-Based Finance

Parties are invited to further strengthen and support ongoing efforts to reduce emissions from deforestation and forest degradation on a voluntary basis (2/CP.17, Par.3).

Coordination of Support for the Implementation of REDD+ Activities

General Commitments of Support

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REDD+ and The Paris Agreement

Parties in a position to do so and relevant international organizations are invited to enhance capacity-building in relation to using the most recent IPCC guidance and guidelines, as adapted or managed by the COP, taking into account the work of the Consultative Group of Experts on National Communications from Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention (4/CP.15, Par.1c).

UNFCCC FRAMEWORK FOR REDD+

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UNFCCC FRAMEWORK FOR REDD+

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General Commitments of Support

All Parties, in a position to do so, are encouraged to support capacity-building, provide technical assistance, facilitate the transfer of technology to improve, inter alia, data collection, estimation of emissions from deforestation and forest degradation, monitoring and reporting, and address the institutional needs of developing countries to estimate and reduce emissions from deforestation and forest degradation (2/CP.13, Par.2).

REDD+ and The Paris Agreement

Parties in a position to do so and relevant international organizations are invited to enhance capacity-building in relation to using the most recent IPCC guidance and guidelines, as adapted or managed by the COP, taking into account the work of the Consultative Group of Experts on National Communications from Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention (4/CP.15, Par.1c).
ADDRESSING DRIVERS OF DEFORESTATION AND FOREST DEGRADATION

Parties, organizations, and the private sector are encouraged to take action to reduce the drivers of deforestation and forest degradation (15/CP.19. Par.3).

Drivers of deforestation and forest degradation have many causes, and actions to address these drivers are unique to countries’ national circumstances, capacities, and capabilities (15/CP.19. Par.2).

WEB PLATFORM

GUIDELINES FOR DEVELOPING COUNTRY PARTIES

All Parties, relevant organizations, and the private sector and other stakeholders are encouraged to continue their work to address drivers of deforestation and forest degradation and to share the results of their work on this matter, including via the Web Platform on the UNFCCC website (15/CP.19. Par.4).

Identify drivers of deforestation and forest degradation resulting in emissions and also the means to address these (4/CP.15. Par.1).

Identify activities within the country that result in reduced emissions and increased removals, and stabilization of forest carbon stocks (4/CP.15. Par.1).

Address, when developing and implementing national strategies or action plans, the drivers of deforestation and forest degradation (1/CP.16. Par.72).

Encouraged to take note of the information from ongoing and existing work on addressing the drivers of deforestation and forest degradation by developing country Parties and relevant organizations and stakeholders (15/CP.19. Par.4).

LINK TO REDD+ FINANCE

JOINT MITIGATION AND ADAPTATION

RESULTS-BASED FINANCE

Developing country Parties aiming to undertake REDD+ activities are requested to develop a national strategy or action plan, in the context of the provision of adequate and predictable support, in accordance with national circumstances (1/CP.16. Par.76).

Developing country Parties seeking to receive support for joint mitigation and adaptation for the integrated and sustainable management of forests can include these approaches in national strategies or action plans (6/A.P.7. Par.46).

Implement REDD+ activities in phases (4/CP.15. Par.72).

When developing and implementing national strategies or action plans (4/CP.15. Par.72).

Ensure the full and effective participation of relevant stakeholders, including indigenous peoples and local communities (15/CP.19. Par.14).

NATIONAL STRATEGY OR ACTION PLAN

The information link on the web platform on the UNFCCC website will contain, as reported through the appropriate channels under the Convention, a link to the national strategy or action plan, as appropriate (4/CP.15. Par.4 and 6).

Address the drivers of deforestation and forest degradation (1/CP.16. Par.71).

Address land tenure issues (16/CP.21. Par.5).

Address forest governance issues (2/CP.17. Par.64).

Address REDD+ safeguards (1/CP.16. Par.71).

Ensure the full and effective participation of relevant stakeholders, including indigenous peoples and local communities.

PHASES OF REDD+

1) Beginning with the development of national strategies or action plans, policies and measures, and capacity-building

Followed by the implementation of national policies and measures and national strategies or action plans that could involve further capacity-building, technology development and transfer, and results-based demonstration activities

Evolving into results-based actions that should be fully measured, reported, and verified

Implement REDD+ activities in phases (4/CP.15. Par.72).
Developing countries seeking to obtain and obtain results-based payments should provide the most recent summary of information on how all of the REDD+ safeguards have been addressed and respected (1/CP.16, Par. 71).

Regardess of the nature or type of financing, REDD+ activities should be consistent with the following safeguards included in decision 1/CP.6 on REDD+ (17/CP.21, Par.6). When developing and implementing national strategies or action plans, Parties should address land tenure issues, forest governance issues, gender considerations, and the REDD+ safeguards, ensuring the full and effective participation of all relevant stakeholders, including indigenous peoples and local communities (1/CP.16, Par. 71).

The implementation of REDD+ safeguards and information on how these safeguards are being addressed should support national strategies or action plans and the inclusion and respect for the knowledge and consent of indigenous peoples and local communities (1/CP.16, Par. 71). When developing and implementing REDD+ activities, Parties should promote the following: (1/CP.17, Par. 3)

- Policy approaches and positive incentives for mitigating actions in the forest sector can contribute to poverty alleviation and biodiversity, ensuring that REDD+ activities are used for the conservation of natural forests and are not used to incentivize deorestation.

- The COP recognizes the importance of incentivizing NFR for the long-term prevention of deforestation and degradation. The COP, in its decisions 1/CP.7, 2/CP.7 and 5/CP.10, encourages Parties to address and support the REDD+ safeguards (17/CP.21, Par. 6) ("1/CP.7, 2/CP.7, 5/CP.10 also recognizing")

- Information on national strategies and action plans should be provided in a way that ensures transparency, consistency, comprehensiveness, and effectiveness (1/CP.16, Par. 71).

Policy approaches and positive incentives for mitigating actions in the forest sector can contribute to poverty alleviation and biodiversity, ecosystem resilience and the linkages between adaptation and mitigation, and should promote and support the REDD+ safeguards (1/CP.16, Par. 71). When developing and implementing REDD+ activities, Parties should address the full and effective participation of all relevant stakeholders, including indigenous peoples and local communities (1/CP.16, Par. 71).

The frequency of subsequent presentations of this summary should be consistent with the provisions for submission of national communications from Parties not included in Annex I to the Convention and, on a voluntary basis, via the web platform on the UNFCCC website (17/CP.20, Par. 4).

For countries seeking results-based finance, the information held on the web platform on the UNFCCC website (17/CP.21, Par. 6) (also recognizing) such as the emergency communications under the Convention, may be included in the summaries containing information on safeguards, in accordance with national circumstances (17/CP.21, Par. 6).

For countries seeking results-based finance, the information held on the web platform on the UNFCCC website (17/CP.21, Par. 6) (also recognizing) such as the emergency communications under the Convention, may be included in the summaries containing information on safeguards, in accordance with national circumstances (17/CP.21, Par. 6).
Establish, according to national circumstances and capabilities, robust and transparent NFMS for the monitoring and reporting of REDD+ activities, with, if appropriate, subnational monitoring and reporting as an interim measure (4/CP.15, Par.4; 11/CP.19, Par.5).

NFMS should:
- (11/CP.19, Par.4)
  - Provide estimates that are transparent, consistent, as far as possible accurate, and that reduce uncertainties, taking into account national capabilities and capacities (4/CP.15, Par.4).
  - Use a combination of remote sensing and ground-based forest carbon inventory approaches for estimating anthropogenic forest-related GHG emissions by sources and removals by sinks, forest carbon stocks and forest area changes (ACP.5, Par.6).
  - Information on the UNFCCC website will contain information on the NFMS, as reported through the appropriate channels, as provided in the technical annex referred to in decisions 14/CP.19 (4/CP.15, Par.6; 11/CP.19).

To obtain and receive results-based finance, developing country Parties should have a robust and transparent NFMS for the monitoring and reporting of REDD+ activities, with, if appropriate, subnational monitoring and reporting as an interim measure (11/CP.19, Par.4; 11/CP.19, Par.7).

NATIONAL FOREST MONITORING SYSTEMS (NFMS)

GUIDELINES FOR DEVELOPING COUNTRY PARTIES

Take into account, in the development of NFMS, the guidance provided in 4/CP.15 and be guided by the most recent IPCC guidance and guidelines, as adopted or encouraged by the COP, as appropriate, as a base for estimating anthropogenic forest-related GHG emissions by sources and removals by sinks, forest carbon stocks and forest area changes (ACP.5, Par.5).

Provide data and information that are transparent, consistent, over time, and are available for measuring, reporting and verifying anthropogenic forest-related emissions by sources and removals by sinks, forest carbon stocks and forest area changes resulting from the implementation of REDD+ activities, consistent with guidance on measuring, reporting and verifying nationally appropriate mitigation actions by developing country Parties agreed by the COP (11/CP.19, Par.2).

Results-based finance

Parties seeking to receive payments for results-based actions should supply a Technical Annex when submitting Biennial Update Reports that includes a description of the NFMS and the institutional roles and responsibilities for measuring, reporting and verifying the results (14/CP.19, Par.4; 11/CP.19, Annex).

INFO HUB

The information hub on the web platform on the UNFCCC website will contain information on the NFMS, as reported through the appropriate channels, as provided in the technical annex referred to in decisions 14/CP.19 (4/CP.15, Par.6; 11/CP.19).

LIST OF REDD+ PARTIES

NFMS may provide, as appropriate, relevant information for national systems for the provision of information on how REDD+ safeguards are addressed and respected (11/CP.19, Par.5).

Safeguards

NFMS may provide, as appropriate, relevant information for national systems when submitting Biennial Update Reports that includes a description of the NFMS and the institutional roles and responsibilities for measuring, reporting and verifying the results (14/CP.19, Par.4; 11/CP.19, Annex).

RESULTS-BASED FINANCE

NFMS are:
- (ACP.5, Par.6)
  - transparent and their results are available and suitable for review as agreed by the COP (ACP.5, Par.5).
  - transparent and consistent over time, and are suitable for measuring, reporting and verifying anthropogenic forest-related emissions by sources and removals by sinks, forest carbon stocks and forest area changes resulting from the implementation of REDD+ activities, consistent with guidance on measuring, reporting and verifying nationally appropriate mitigation actions by developing country Parties agreed by the COP (11/CP.19, Par.2).

GUIDELINES FOR DEVELOPING COUNTRY PARTIES

Use a combination of remote sensing and ground-based forest carbon inventory approaches for estimating anthropogenic forest-related GHG emissions by sources and removals by sinks, forest carbon stocks and forest area changes (ACP.5, Par.6).

Provide data and information that are transparent, consistent, as far as possible accurate, and that reduce uncertainties, taking into account national capabilities and capacities (4/CP.15, Par.4).

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Take into account, in the development of NFMS, the guidance provided in 4/CP.15 and be guided by the most recent IPCC guidance and guidelines, as adopted or encouraged by the COP, as appropriate, as a base for estimating anthropogenic forest-related GHG emissions by sources and removals by sinks, forest carbon stocks and forest area changes (ACP.5, Par.5).

Provide data and information that are transparent, consistent, over time, and are suitable for measuring, reporting and verifying anthropogenic forest-related emissions by sources and removals by sinks, forest carbon stocks and forest area changes resulting from the implementation of REDD+ activities, consistent with guidance on measuring, reporting and verifying nationally appropriate mitigation actions by developing country Parties agreed by the COP (11/CP.19, Par.2).

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RESULTS-BASED FINANCE

To obtain and receive results-based finance, developing country Parties should have a robust and transparent NFMS for the monitoring and reporting of REDD+ activities, with, if appropriate, subnational monitoring and reporting as an interim measure (11/CP.19, Par.4; 11/CP.19, Par.7).

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  - transparent and consistent over time, and are suitable for measuring, reporting and verifying anthropogenic forest-related emissions by sources and removals by sinks, forest carbon stocks and forest area changes resulting from the implementation of REDD+ activities, consistent with guidance on measuring, reporting and verifying nationally appropriate mitigation actions by developing country Parties agreed by the COP (11/CP.19, Par.2).
The Party that submitted the technical annex may interact with the technical team of experts during the period of time referred to in par. 10 of 14/CP.19, as appropriate, to facilitate the analysis of the annex to provide additional information and/or responses by the technical team of experts during the period of time referred to in par. 10 of 14/CP.19, as appropriate.

The results-based actions that may be eligible to appropriate market-based approaches that could be developed by the COP may be subject to further specific market-based verification, consistent with any relevant decision of the COP (4/CP.19, Par. 4).

The results of the implementation by Parties of REDD+ activities measured according to the technical annex may be eligible to appropriate market-based payments. The submitting Party concerned, as appropriate, updated relevant reference levels (FRL) (Par.4).

The submission of this technical annex is voluntary and in the context of results-based payments (4/CP.19, Par. 6).

a) There is consistency in methodologies, definitions, comprehensiveness and the information provided between the assessed reference level and the results of the implementation of REDD+ activities.

b) The data and information provided in the technical annex is consistent, transparent, complete and accurate.

c) The data and information provided in the technical annex is consistent, transparent, complete and accurate with the guidelines referred to in par. 3(d) of 14/CP.19.

d) The results are accurate, to the extent possible.

e) The technical annex referred to in par. 7 of 14/CP.19 is consistent with the established forest reference levels (FRL), and/or forest reference emission levels (FREL) and/or forest reference year (FRY) (Par.3).

f) The data and information used by Parties in the estimation of anthropogenic forest-related emissions by sources and removals by sinks, as appropriate to REDD+ activities includes the assessed FREL and or FRL and the FRY referred to in the technical annex (Par.4).

The results of the COP recognize the need to develop approaches for measuring, reporting, and verifying anthropogenic forest-related emissions by sources and removals by sinks, forest carbon stocks, and forest carbon stock and forest area changes resulting from the implementation of REDD+ activities (4/CP.19, Par. 4).

The COP recognizes the need to develop consistent with any relevant decision of the COP (14/CP.19, Par. 5).

The submission of the technical annex is voluntary and in the context of results-based payments (4/CP.19, Par. 6).

The information falls on the web platform on the UNFCCC website with content, as reported through the appropriate national authorities and data, with the established forest reference levels (FRL), and/or forest reference emission levels (FREL) and/or forest reference year (FRY) (Par.4).

A description of how the elements contained in decisions (4/CP.15. Par.6) and (14/CP.19. Par.6) have been taken into account (Par.4).

The information on the UNFCCC website will contain, as appropriate, updated relevant reference levels (FRL) (Par.3).

A description of the national forest monitoring systems, and methodologies for effective, transparent and consistent over time and the institutional roles and responsibilities for improving the data and information used by Parties in the estimation of anthropogenic forest-related emissions by sources and removals by sinks, forest carbon stocks, and forest carbon stock and forest area changes.

A description of the national forest monitoring systems, and methodologies for effective, transparent and consistent over time and the institutional roles and responsibilities for improving the data and information used by Parties in the estimation of anthropogenic forest-related emissions by sources and removals by sinks, forest carbon stocks, and forest carbon stock and forest area changes.

The two LULUCF experts referred to in par. 5 shall analyse referred to in decision 2/CP.17, annex III, par. 19, and the Party should provide clarifications to the extent possible, in accordance with national circumstances and taking into account national technical capabilities (4/CP.19, Par. 5).

The two LULUCF experts referred to in par. 5 may seek clarifications on the technical annex referred to in par. 7 of 14/CP.19 and the Party should provide clarifications to the extent possible, in accordance with national circumstances and taking into account national technical capabilities (4/CP.19, Par. 5).

A description of how the elements contained in decisions (4/CP.15. Par.6) and (14/CP.19. Par.6) have been taken into account (Par.4).

a) The assessed FREL and FRL are expressed in tonnes of CO2 equivalent per year (tCO2 eq).

b) The REDD+ activity or activities included in the assessed FREL and/or FRL.

c) The territorial forest area covered.

d) The period (in years) of the assessed FREL and/or FRL.

The results of the implementation by Parties of REDD+ activities measured according to the technical annex are consistent with any relevant decision of the COP (14/CP.19, Par. 3).

The data and information provided in the technical annex is consistent, transparent, complete and accurate with any relevant decision of the COP (14/CP.19, Par. 3).

The Party that submitted the technical annex may interact with the technical team of experts during the period of time referred to in par. 10 of 14/CP.19, as appropriate, to facilitate the analysis of the annex to provide additional information and/or responses by the technical team of experts during the period of time referred to in par. 10 of 14/CP.19, as appropriate.

The results-based actions that may be eligible to appropriate market-based approaches that could be developed by the COP may be subject to further specific market-based verification, consistent with any relevant decision of the COP (14/CP.19, Par. 4).

The results of the COP recognize the need to develop approaches for measuring, reporting, and verifying anthropogenic forest-related emissions by sources and removals by sinks, forest carbon stocks, and forest carbon stock and forest area changes resulting from the implementation of REDD+ activities (4/CP.19, Par. 4).

The COP recognizes the need to develop consistent with any relevant decision of the COP (14/CP.19, Par. 5).

The submission of the technical annex is voluntary and in the context of results-based payments (4/CP.19, Par. 6).

The data and information used by Parties in the estimation of anthropogenic forest-related emissions by sources and removals by sinks, forest carbon stocks, and forest carbon stock and forest area changes, as appropriate to REDD+ activities includes the assessed FREL and or FRL and/or FRY referred to in the technical annex (Par.4).

The data and information used by Parties in the estimation of anthropogenic forest-related emissions by sources and removals by sinks, forest carbon stocks, and forest carbon stock and forest area changes resulting from the implementation of REDD+ activities (4/CP.19, Par. 4).

The results of the implementation by Parties of REDD+ activities measured according to the technical annex may be eligible to appropriate market-based payments. The submitting Party concerned, as appropriate, updated relevant reference levels (FRL) (Par.4).

The data and information provided in the technical annex is consistent, transparent, complete and accurate with any relevant decision of the COP (14/CP.19, Par. 3).

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To obtain and receive results-based finance, developing-country Parties should have a national RL, or FRL, or, if appropriate, an interim reference level (FRL or IRL), in accordance with the UNFCCC and its Annexes.

Information on RLs will be made available on the UNFCCC website. The technical assessment of RLs will be organized in two stages.

a) Assessment of the RL. This stage will involve the technical assessment of RLs submitted in accordance with the UNFCCC guidelines found in the annex to 13/CP.19 (Par.5). The technical assessment will be carried out by an assessment team, which will prepare a final report that includes an assessment of whether RLs are national or subnational, descriptions of changes from previous information submitted, and an explanation of why changes were made.

b) Proposed RLs might be technically assessed in the context of submissions of information (Par.2). This stage will involve the technical assessment of RLs and, if appropriate, an interim reference level (FRL or IRL), and an explanation of why the definition used was chosen.

c) Description of financial mechanisms that have been included in the RL, and mechanisms for ensuring that a pool is complete, consistent, and accounted for.

d) Whether assumptions about future changes to domestic policies have been included in the construction of the RL.

The technical assessment of RLs will be carried out by an assessment team, which will prepare a final report that includes an assessment of whether RLs are national or subnational, descriptions of changes from previous information submitted, and an explanation of why changes were made.

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d) Whether assumptions about future changes to domestic policies have been included in the construction of the RL.

The technical assessment of RLs will be carried out by an assessment team, which will prepare a final report that includes an assessment of whether RLs are national or subnational, descriptions of changes from previous information submitted, and an explanation of why changes were made.

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The TTE shall consult with the Party concerned, identify capacity building needs in order to facilitate reporting in accordance with the guidelines contained in annex IV, and participate in ICA in accordance with annex IV to decision 1/C.5 (Par. 8).

(c) Undertake a technical analysis of information contained in the BUR as outlined in the “UNFCCC technical reporting guidelines for Parties not included in the Convention” annex IV, and any additional technical information that may be provided by the Party concerned.

The summary report prepared by the TTE shall be submitted to the Subsidiary Body for Implementation for its consideration at the sixth meeting, when it shall be made available on the UNFCCC website. (Par. 13)

The TTE shall be composed of experts nominated to the UNFCCC center of experts, taking into consideration the composition and guidelines for the preparation of national communications contained in the BUR, as contained in paragraph 6 of annex IV to decision 1/C.5 (Par. 8), and taking into account the views expressed by the Party concerned (Par. 9).

The COP invites Parties to nominate technical experts with the relevant qualifications to the UNFCCC roster of technical experts (Annex VI to decision 1/C.5). The TTE shall be composed of experts nominated to the UNFCCC center of experts, taking into consideration the composition and guidelines for the preparation of national communications contained in the BUR, as contained in paragraph 6 of annex IV to decision 1/C.5 (Par. 8), and taking into account the views expressed by the Party concerned (Par. 9).

Once the COP training program is established, only those nominated experts who have successfully completed the program shall be eligible to serve on the TTE. The TTE shall include, as a high priority and to the extent available, at least one CGI member and up to one third of the TTE, for other experts on the TTE, priority will be given to experts who served as the members of the CGI, (Par. 9).

The COP to invite Parties to nominate technical experts with the relevant qualifications to the UNFCCC center of experts (Annex VI to decision 1/C.5). The TTE shall be composed of experts nominated to the UNFCCC center of experts, taking into consideration the composition and guidelines for the preparation of national communications contained in the BUR, as contained in paragraph 6 of annex IV to decision 1/C.5 (Par. 8), and taking into account the views expressed by the Party concerned (Par. 9).

(a) Identify the extent to which the elements of information listed in para. 3 (a) the guidelines contained in decision 1/C.5 (annex IV) are included in the BUR of the Party concerned.

The participating experts serve in their personal capacities and shall not, either as a national of the Party of which the TTE is composed, be subject to the provisions of the BUR in respect of the technical analysis nor be nominated as the members of the bodies or bodies involved in the preparation of the BUR under consideration. The technical analysis of information contained in other instruments of the same Party shall not be submitted to the same TTE (Par. 6).

The COP to invite Parties to nominate technical experts with the relevant qualifications to the UNFCCC center of experts (Annex VI to decision 1/C.5). The TTE shall be composed of experts nominated to the UNFCCC center of experts, taking into consideration the composition and guidelines for the preparation of national communications contained in the BUR, as contained in paragraph 6 of annex IV to decision 1/C.5 (Par. 8), and taking into account the views expressed by the Party concerned (Par. 9).

(b) Undertake a technical analysis of information contained in the BUR as outlined in the “UNFCCC technical reporting guidelines for Parties not included in the Convention” annex IV, and any additional technical information that may be provided by the Party concerned.

The TTE shall conduct a draft summary report not later than three months after the start of technical analysis. The draft shall be shared with the respective Party or Parties concerned and, if requested by the Party concerned, shall be provided within three months of its receipt (Par. 9).

The COP to invite Parties to nominate technical experts with the relevant qualifications to the UNFCCC center of experts (Annex VI to decision 1/C.5). The TTE shall be composed of experts nominated to the UNFCCC center of experts, taking into consideration the composition and guidelines for the preparation of national communications contained in the BUR, as contained in paragraph 6 of annex IV to decision 1/C.5 (Par. 8), and taking into account the views expressed by the Party concerned (Par. 9).

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GUIDELINES FOR DEVELOPING COUNTRY PARTIES

For the full implementation of REDD+ activities that are new, additional and predictable may come from a wide variety of sources, public and private, bilateral and multilateral, including alternative sources.

Par. 6

The operating entities of the financial mechanisms of the Convention are encouraged to provide results-based finance for the phased implementation of REDD+ actions (9/CP.19. Par. 6).

The progression of developing country Parties towards results-based actions occurs in the context of the provisions of adequate and predictable support for all phases of REDD+ activities and actions (9/CP.19. Par. 6).

Entities financing REDD+ activities through a variety of sources, including the Green Climate Fund in a key role, are encouraged to collectively channel adequate and predictable results-based finance in a fair and balanced manner, taking into account different policy approaches, while working with a view to increasing the number of countries that are in a position to obtain and receive payments for results-based actions (9/CP.19. Par. 5).

Results-based finance provided to developing country Parties for the full implementation of REDD+ activities that are new, additional and predictable may come from a wide variety of sources, public and private, bilateral and multilateral, including alternative sources.

The information hub will include information on the quantity of results for which payments were received, expressed in tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent per year, and the entity paying for results (9/CP.19. Par. 5).

The information on results-based payments is to be inserted on the information hub in consultation with countries concerned, taking into full account the phased implementation of REDD+ actions (9/CP.19. Par. 6).

Financing entities are encouraged to provide financial resources to alternative policy approaches for the integral and sustainable management of forests (9/CP.19. Par. 8; 16/CP.21. Par. 6) of results-based finance for the integral and sustainable management of forests (9/CP.19. Par. 8; 16/CP.21. Par. 6). of results-based payments (9/CP.19. Par. 4).

Entities financing REDD+ activities are encouraged to continue to provide financial resources to alternative policy approaches, each joint mitigation and adaptation approaches for the integral and sustainable management of forests (9/CP.19. Par. 8; 16/CP.21. Par. 6) of results-based finance (9/CP.19. Par. 5).

Regardless of the source or type of financing, REDD+ activities should be fully measured, reported and verified, and developing country Parties should have the following elements: (a) a national forest reference emission level or, if appropriate, as an interim measure, subnational forest stock and forest area reporting framework (9/CP.19. Par. 5).

Developing countries seeking support for the realization of non-carbon benefits within REDD+ activities may identify the need for support, including financial, technical, and technological support, for joint mitigation and adaptation approaches for the integral and sustainable management of forests (9/CP.19. Par. 5).

Methodological issues related to non-carbon benefits are not a requirement for developing countries to receive support for REDD+ activities, as set out in guidance and decisions already agreed upon under the Convention, and alternative policy approaches, such as joint mitigation and adaptation for the integral and sustainable management of forests, while reaffirming the importance of incentivizing, as appropriate, non-carbon benefits. (9/CP.19. Article 3, Par. 6)

FINANCING ENTITIES

REDD+ FINANCE

The Green Climate Fund is requested, when providing results-based finance, to apply the methodological guidance consistent with decisions 4/CP.15, 1/CP.16, 9/CP.19, 12/CP.17 and 11/CP.19 to 15/CP.19, as well as 9/CP.19, in order to improve the effectiveness and coordination of results-based finance (9/CP.19. Par. 5).

INFO HUB

Guidelines for Delivery of Results-Based Finance

Entities financing REDD+ activities, through a variety of sources, including the Green Climate Fund in a key role, are encouraged to collectively channel adequate and predictable results-based finance in a fair and balanced manner, taking into account different policy approaches, while working with a view to increasing the number of countries that are in a position to obtain and receive payments for results-based actions (9/CP.19. Par. 5).

INFO HUB

The information hub will include information on the quantity of results for which payments were received, expressed in tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent per year, and the entity paying for results (9/CP.19. Par. 5).

The information on results-based payments is to be inserted on the information hub in consultation with countries concerned, taking into full account the phased implementation of REDD+ actions (9/CP.19. Par. 6).

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Entities financing REDD+ activities through a variety of sources, including the Green Climate Fund in a key role, are encouraged to collectively channel adequate and predictable results-based finance in a fair and balanced manner, taking into account different policy approaches, while working with a view to increasing the number of countries that are in a position to obtain and receive payments for results-based actions (9/CP.19. Par. 5).

Results-based finance provided to developing country Parties for the full implementation of REDD+ activities that are new, additional and predictable may come from a wide variety of sources, public and private, bilateral and multilateral, including alternative sources.

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All Parties, relevant organizations, and the active sector and other stakeholders are invited to communicate directly with relevant actors, and to include their organizations and stakeholders in the development of the web platform. In developing this platform, Parties should consider the following:

- Relevant international organizations, non-governmental organizations and stakeholders are urged to integrate and coordinate their efforts to ensure synergies with regard to actions relating to decision 1/CP.19 ( annex I, paragraph 18)

The information hub shall contain information on the results of these efforts, including information on the quantity of results for which payments were received, expressed in terms of annual payments equivalent per year, and the corresponding results

The information in the technical annex referred to in decision 1/CP.16, paragraphs 70, 71 and 73, and on how these activities, including results-based actions, can be more effectively supported.

The national entities or focal points, Parties and relevant entities financing REDD+ activities, are encouraged to hold their first meeting in conjunction with the second biennial update report of the activities and elements referred to in decision 1/CP.16, paragraphs 70, 71 and 73, including different policy approaches, such as joint mitigation and adaptation, to inform the secretariat accordingly (1/CP.16, paragraph 14).

The information on the national level shall also contain information on the results of these efforts, including information on the quantity of results for which payments were received, expressed in terms of annual payments equivalent per year, and the corresponding results

These national entities or focal points, Parties and relevant entities financing REDD+ activities, are encouraged to hold their first meeting in conjunction with the second biennial update report of the activities and elements referred to in decision 1/CP.16, paragraphs 70, 71 and 73, and on how these activities, including results-based actions, can be more effectively supported.

The technical annex referred to in decision 1/CP.16, paragraphs 70, 71 and 73, is to be developed, in accordance with the principles of sovereignty, nomination of their entities to be included in the national information hub in the context of the work of the Subsidiary Committeee, as established under the Convention (1/CP.16, paragraph 71(a)).

The information on the technical annex referred to in decision 1/CP.16, paragraphs 70, 71 and 73, is to be developed, in accordance with the principles of sovereignty, nomination of their entities to be included in the national information hub in the context of the work of the Subsidiary Committee, as established under the Convention (1/CP.16, paragraph 71(a)).

The secretariat is requested, at the latest, at its forty-seventh session, to consider procedural matters to facilitate the discussions.

The national entities or focal points, Parties and relevant entities financing REDD+ activities, are encouraged to hold their first meeting in conjunction with the second biennial update report of the activities and elements referred to in decision 1/CP.16, paragraphs 70, 71 and 73, and on how these activities, including results-based actions, can be more effectively supported.

At these meetings, participants may seek input from relevant bodies established under the Convention and other multilateral and bilateral arrangements, and the activities and elements referred to in decision 1/CP.16, paragraphs 70, 71 and 73, to the COP.
a) Promote mitigation and adaptation ambition.

b) Enhance public and private sector participation in the NDCs.

c) Enable opportunities for coordination across instruments and relevant institutional arrangements.

d) Deliver an overall integrity and transparency, including participation in the implementation of NDCs, in the context of sustainable development and poverty eradication, in a facilitative, multilateral and comprehensive manner, including joint mitigation and adaptation approaches, such as joint action and co-financing.

The Paris Agreement notes the importance of ensuring the integrity and transparency of non-benefit-related REDD+ activities toward the achievement of the purpose of the Convention (18/CP.20, Par. 9).

The summary of information on the nature, scale, and importance of non-carbon benefits and the national communications submitted in accordance with article 6, paragraph 9 of the Paris Agreement (16/CP.12, Par. 4).

The purpose of the framework for transparency of support to REDD+ and adaptation is to provide a non-discriminatory, understandable and accessible overview of key information for the purpose of assessing and comparing REDD+ and adaptation policies, including transformative action in the field of sustainable development and poverty eradication, in a facilitative, multilateral and comprehensive manner, including joint mitigation and adaptation approaches, such as joint action and co-financing.

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The technical expert review shall provide information on financial resource transfer, capacity-building, needs and received (17/CP.21, Par. 1).
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To stop the degradation of the planet’s natural environment and to build a future in which humans live in harmony with nature.

panda.org/forestclimate

REFERENCES
The text contained within this document is derived directly from decisions adopted by the Conference of the Parties to the UNFCCC. All decisions may be found here:

http://unfccc.int/documentation/decisions/items/3597.php

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